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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	: Risella X 411
Product code	: 001G0687
Registration number EU	: 01-2120078782-46-0000
EC-No.	: 940-734-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-	: Process oil.
stance/Mixture	Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-
	tered uses under REACH.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone	: (+44) 08007318888
Telefax	:
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44 (0) 20 7934 7778 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification	REGULATION	(EC) No	1272/2008)
e accine au en		(==)	

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H3

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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Hazard pictograms		:		
Signal	word	: Dang	er	
Hazar	d statements	: criter H304 CLP	Not classi ia. HEALTH May be fa ENVIRON	L HAZARDS: fied as a physical hazard according to CLP HAZARDS: tal if swallowed and enters airways. IMENTAL HAZARDS: fied as environmental hazard according to
Preca	utionary statements	P301 CEN P331 Stora P405 Disp P501	TER/ doctor. Do NOT i age: Store lock	TSWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON induce vomiting. and up. If contents/ container to an approved waste

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains Alkanes, C18-24-branched and linear.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

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	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkanes, C18-24-branched and linear	Not Assigned 940-734-7	100

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measure	9S
General advice :	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders :	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled :	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact :	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed :	Call emergency number for your location / facility. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facili- ty: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms :	Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal con- ditions of use

ditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.

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			Eye irritation sign	ds under normal use conditions. s and symptoms may include a burning sen- welling, and/or blurred vision.
			coughing, choking congestion, short If any of the follov within the next 6 I ty: fever greater tl	lungs, signs and symptoms may include g, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest ness of breath, and/or fever. ving delayed signs and symptoms appear nours, transport to the nearest medical facili- nan 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, or continued coughing or wheezing.
				is signs and symptoms may include a burn- /or a dried/cracked appearance.
4.3 Ind	lication of any immediate	medi	cal attention and	I special treatment needed
	reatment	:	Call a doctor or p	bison control center for guidance. nical pneumonitis.
SECT	ION 5: Firefighting mea	sure	S	
E 4 Ev	linguishing modio			
	tinguishing media uitable extinguishing media			y or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- may be used for small fires only.
	nsuitable extinguishing edia	:	Do not use water	in a jet.
5.2 Sp	ecial hazards arising from	the	substance or mi	xture
	becific hazards during fire- phting		Hazardous combe A complex mixtur gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide Unidentified organ Flammable vapou below the flash po The vapour is hea distant ignition is	nic and inorganic compounds. Irs may be present even at temperatures pint. avier than air, spreads along the ground and
5.3 Ad	vice for firefighters			
	pecial protective equipment r firefighters		gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to Is (e.g. Europe: EN469).

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Specif ods	ic extinguishing meth-	:	Standard procedu	ure for chemical fires.
Furthe	er information	:	Keep adjacent co	ntainers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions :	
	 Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.
6.2 Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions :	Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- ers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location, for example by using fog sprays.
6.3 Methods and material for contai	nment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up :	For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of

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		Ventilate contam	contaminated soil and dispose of safely inated area thoroughly. of site occurs remediation may require spe-

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures	:	Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor- age facilities are followed.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). When using do not eat or drink. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	inc	luding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov- ering the packaging and storage of this product.
Further information on stor-	:	Storage Temperature:

Further information on storage stability Storage Temperature: Ambient.

Store at ambient temperature.

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Packag	ing material	:	ering the packagir Suitable material: steel, stainless ste zinc silicate paint.	5 for any additional specific legislation cov- og and storage of this product. For containers, or container linings use mild eel., For container paints, use epoxy paint, al: Avoid prolonged contact with natural, pers.
Contair	ner Advice	:	Do not cut, drill, gr near containers.	ind, weld or perform similar operations on or
7.3 Specific Specific		:	Please refer to set tered uses under I	ction 16 and/or the annexes for the regis- REACH.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis	
UK Workplace Exposure Limits					
Aliphatic dearom. solvents 200 - 250	Not As- signed	TWA	1,050 mg/m3	EU HSPA	

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Remarks:	No DNEL value has been established.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name		Environmental Compartment	Value
Remarks:	tion. Conv	e is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown or entional methods of deriving PNECs are not a le to identify a single representative PNEC for	opropriate and it is

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

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The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection :		If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection			
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand	

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		gloves, hands	nust only be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- n-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	use. For prolonged over parts of the If repeated an is likely, then v	n is not required under normal conditions of or repeated exposures use impervious clothing he body subject to exposure. d/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Stand- de employee skin care programmes.
		Protective clot	hing approved to EU Standard EN14605.
Respiratory protection		tions to a leve select respirat cific conditions Check with res Where air-filte concentrations space) use ap ratus. Where air-filte priate combina If air-filtering re Select a filter s	controls do not maintain airborne concentra- l which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- s of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne s are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined propriate positive pressure breathing appa- ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- ation of mask and filter. espirators are suitable for conditions of use: suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Clear, bright liquid.
Colour	: colourless
Odour	: Hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
pour point	: -15 °C Method: ASTM D97
Melting / freezing point	Data not available
pour point	-15 °C Method: ISO 3016
Boiling point/boiling range	: 300 - 380 °C

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Fla	ammability			
Lo	wer explosion limit and upp	oer e	xplosion limit / fla	ammability limit
	Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	7 %(V)	
	Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	0.5 %(V)	
Fla	ash point	:	168 °C Method: ASTM	D92 (COC)
Au	to-ignition temperature	:	> 200 °C	
De	ecomposition temperature Decomposition tempera- ture	:	Data not availa	ble
p⊢	I	:	Not applicable	
Vis	scosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availa	ble
	Viscosity, kinematic	:	6 mm2/s (40.0 Method: ASTM	
			1.95 mm2/s (10 Method: ISO 37	
			6 mm2/s (40.0 Method: ISO 3 ⁴	
			10.5 mm2/s (20 Method: ISO 37	
Sc	lubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble	
	rtition coefficient: n- tanol/water	:	log Pow: > 7	
Va	pour pressure	:	Data not availa	ble (50 °C)
Re	elative density	:	0.800 (15 °C)	
De	ensity	:	800 kg/m3 (15. Method: ASTM	
			800 kg/m3 (15. Method: ISO 12	0 °C) 2185

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Relati	ve vapour density	: >1			
9.2 Other information Explosive properties		: Classification	Code: Not classified		
Oxidizing properties		: Not applicable	: Not applicable		
Cond	uctivity	: This material	is not expected to be a static accumulator.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Material GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
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Alkanes, C18-24-branched	No carcinogenicity classification.
and linear	

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting propert	ties
Product:	
Assessment	: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid- ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Further information	
Product:	
Remarks	: Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:		
Toxicity to fish	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

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			met. Practically non tox LC/EC/IC50 > 100	
12.2 P	Persistence and degradabi	lity		
<u>P</u>	roduct:			
В	iodegradability	:	Remarks: Readily	biodegradable.
12.3 E	Bioaccumulative potential			
	roduct: ioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains	components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
12.4 N	lobility in soil			
	r <mark>oduct:</mark> Iobility	:		under most environmental conditions., If it adsorb to soil particles and will not be mo-
12.5 R	Results of PBT and vPvB a	sse	ssment	
<u>P</u>	roduct:			
A	ssessment	:		s not contain any REACH registered sub- assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB
12.6 E	indocrine disrupting prope	ertie	s	
<u>P</u>	roduct:			
A	ssessment	:	have endocrine dist 57(f) or Commission	ture does not contain components considered to rupting properties according to REACH Article on Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or ation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
12.7 C	Other adverse effects			
<u>P</u>	roduct:			
	dditional ecological infor- nation	:	tion potential or glo Product is a mixtur	he depletion potential, photochemical ozone crea- obal warming potential. e of non-volatile components, which will not be ny significant quantities under normal conditions
			ganisms.	ater may affect oxygen transfer and damage or- uling of aquatic organisms.
			Unless indicated of	herwise, the data presented is representative of

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		the product as a	whole, rather than for individual component(s).
SECTION	13: Disposal cons	siderations	
13.1 Waste	e treatment methods	5	
Produ	ct	toxicity and phy determine the p ods in complian Waste product ground water, o Do not dispose courses. Do not dispose drain into the gi contamination. Waste arising fi posed of in acc to a recognised	ycle if possible. sibility of the waste generator to determine the vsical properties of the material generated to proper waste classification and disposal meth- nce with applicable regulations. should not be allowed to contaminate soil or or be disposed of into the environment. into the environment, in drains or in water of tank water bottoms by allowing them to round. This will result in soil and groundwater rom a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of the tractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging	:	Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer. Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	:	Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR

: Not regulated as a dangerous good

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RIC)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMI IAT	-	Not regulated as a dangerous goodNot regulated as a dangerous good	
14.2 UN	proper shipping name		
AD	R	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RIE)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMI IAT	•	Not regulated as a dangerous goodNot regulated as a dangerous good	
14.3 Tra	insport hazard class(es)		
AD	R	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RIE)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMI IAT	•	Not regulated as a dangerous goodNot regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Pa	cking group		
AD	R	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RIE)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMI IAT	-	Not regulated as a dangerous goodNot regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 En	vironmental hazards		
AD	R	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RIE)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMI	DG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.6 Sp	ecial precautions for us	er	

Not applicable

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on : Not applicable the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Other regulations:

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The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment was performed for all substances of this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations				
:	OEL based on European Hydrocarbon Solvents Producers			
	(CEFIC-HSPA) methodology.			
:	Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)			
	:			

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL

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- Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice :	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op- erators.
Other information :	The eSDS(s) received to date have been reviewed for the registered components in this mixture. The advice provided in the body of this SDS covers all necessary Risk Management Measures. For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support. The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB. A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
	This product is classified as H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways). The risk relates to potential for aspiration. The risk arising from aspiration hazard is solely related to the physico-chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.
	This product is classified as R66 / EUH066 (Repeated expo- sure may cause skin dryness or cracking). The risk relates to the potential for repeated or prolonged dermal contact. The risk arising from contact is solely related to the physico- chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.
Sources of key data used to : compile the Safety Data	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell

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Sh	eet			naterial suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU , EC 1272 regulation, etc).
CI	assification of the mixtu	re:		Classification procedure:
As	р. Тох. 1	Н	304	Expert judgement and weight of evi- dence determination.
	entified Uses according ses - Worker	to t	he Use Descriptor	System
Tit		:	Distribution of subs - Industrial	stance
Us Tit	s es - Worker le	:	Formulation & (re) - Industrial	packing of substances and mixtures
Us Tit	s es - Worker le	:	Metal working fluid - Industrial	s / rolling oils
Us Tit	s es - Worker le	:	Metal working fluid - Professional High Environmenta	-
Us Tit	ses - Worker le	:	Use as binders and - Industrial	d release agents
Us Tit	s es - Worker le	:	Use as binders and - Professional	d release agents
Us Tit	s es - Worker le	:	Use in agrochemic - Professional	als
Us Tit	s es - Worker le	:	Lubricants - Industrial	
Us Tit	ses - Worker le	:	Lubricants - Professional	

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			Low Environmenta	Il Release
Uses Title	- Worker	:	Lubricants - Professional High Environmenta	al Release
Uses Title	- Worker	:	Use in laboratories - Industrial	3
Uses Title	- Worker	:	Functional Fluids - Industrial	
Uses Title	- Worker	:	Functional Fluids - Professional	
	fied Uses according t - Consumer	to t	he Use Descriptor	System
Title	- Consumer	:	Use in agrochemic - Consumer	cals
Uses Title	- Consumer	:	Use in lubricants - Consumer Low Environmenta	I Release
Uses Title	- Consumer	:	Use in lubricants - Consumer High Environmenta	al Release
Uses Title	- Consumer	:	Functional Fluids - Consumer	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010363

30000010363	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6c, ERC6d, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES	K MANAGEMENT	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa		
	with potential for aerosol generation.		
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 10	00% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure		
Operation is carried out at ele	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient	t temperature).	
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.			
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures		
General measures (Aspira-	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek im	mediate medical	

General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(closed sys- tems)	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(open sys- tems)	No other specific measures identified.
Drum and small package filling	No other specific measures identified.

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Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment or nance.	pening or mainte-
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCE		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		L
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		8.5E+05
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1.7E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage		1.7E+04
Frequency and Duration of		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		100
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution fact		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ons affecting Environmental Exposure	100
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-04
	ter from process (initial release prior to	1.0E-07
RMM):		
/	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1E-05
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	
	ess sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		0
Risk from environmental exp	osure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
	blved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic se	wage treatment plant, no onsite	
wastewater treatment require		
Treat air emission to provide	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
	or to receiving water discharge) to provide	64.4
the required removal efficien	cy of >= (%)	
	wage treatment plant, provide the re-	0.0
quired onsite wastewater ren		
	o prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludg	e to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated	bamicar racional hand or racional	
Sludge should be incinerated		
Conditions and Measures	related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Conditions and Measures Estimated substance remova		lant 94.7
Conditions and Measures Estimated substance remova treatment (%)	related to municipal sewage treatment p al from wastewater via domestic sewage om wastewater after onsite and offsite	

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2,000

total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	4
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GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010364

30000010364	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Indus- trial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU10 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisa- tion, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa	
	with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of		
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
Operation is carried out at ele	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).	
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira-	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical	
tion)	assistance	
	Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Batch processes at elevat- ed temperaturesUse in	No other specific measures identified.	
cu iomperaturesose ill		
contained batch processes		
contained batch processes Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.	

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Bulk transfersDedicated	No other specific measures identified.	
facility		
Mixing operations (open No other specific measures identified.		
systems)		
ManualTransfer No other specific measures identified.		
from/pouring from contain-		
ersNon-dedicated facility		
Drum/batch transfersDedi-	No other specific measures identified.	
cated facility		
Production or preparation	No other specific measures identified.	
or articles by tabletting,		
compression, extrusion or		
pelletisation		
Drum and small package	No other specific measures identified.	
filling		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment op	pening or mainte-
maintenance	nance.	
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB		
	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used	•	0.4
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		8.5E+05
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		3.0E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage		1.0E+05
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
	influenced by risk management	1
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	2.5E-03
	er from process (initial release prior to	5.0E-06
RMM):		
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.0001
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
	osure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
	wage treatment plant, no onsite	
wastewater treatment require	•	

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Treat air emission to provide a	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide		69.5
the required removal efficienc		
	vage treatment plant, provide the re-	0.0
quired onsite wastewater rem	oval efficiency of (%)	
Organisational measures to	prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge	to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated,	contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures re	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal	from wastewater via domestic sewage	94.7
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal fro	m wastewater after onsite and offsite	94.7
(domestic treatment plant) RM		
	age (MSafe) based on release following	5.7E+05
total wastewater treatment ren		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,000		;
Conditions and Measures re	elated to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
External treatment and dispos	sal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.		
	elated to external recovery of waste	
	ng of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.		
SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

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Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010372

30000010372	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.7a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils including transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cut- ting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections (including brushing, dipping and spraying), equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditio		
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). ard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira-	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical	
tion)	assistance	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfersDedicated	No other specific measures identified.	
facility		
facility Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facili- ty	No other specific measures identified.	

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Metal machining operations Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation of			
	equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.		
Treatment by dipping and	No other specific measures identified.		
pouring Spraying	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure	of the operation or	
opraying	equipment and provide extract ventilation		
	- 4		
ManualRolling, Brushing	No other specific measures identified.		
Automated metal roll-	No other specific measures identified.		
ing/formingUse in contained systemselevated tempera-			
ture			
Semi-automated metal	Provide extraction ventilation at points	where emissions oc-	
rolling/formingelevated	cur.		
temperature			
Semi-automated metal	No other specific measures identified.		
rolling/forming Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment	opening or mainte-	
maintenanceDedicated	nance.		
facility			
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment	opening or mainte-	
maintenanceNon-dedicated	nance.		
facility			
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.		
Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure			
Substance is complex UVCB.			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Amounts Used		-	
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne		4.2E+03	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1.0E+02 5.0E+03	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 5.0E+03 Frequency and Duration of Use 5.0E+03			
Continuous release.	030		
Emission Days (days/year): 20			
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management			
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10			
Local marine water dilution factor: 100			
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):0.02			
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to 1.0E-06			
RMM):	ana ana (initial valence anisa ta DAAAA)		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):0Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release			
	ss sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.			
		I	

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sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite vastewater. f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite vastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 70 Freat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide fhe required removal efficiency of >= (%) 64.5 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) 64.5 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%) 0.0 Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site 0.0 Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. 5 Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. 94.7 Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant (%) 94.7 fotal efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) 94.7 Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 3.3E Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,000 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp 2.000	s, air emis-
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite vastewater. f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite vastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 70 Freat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide he required removal efficiency of >= (%) f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%) Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Teat ment (%) Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite of diaximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,000 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	
wastewater. f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 70 Freat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide he required removal efficiency of >= (%) 64.5 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%) 0.0 Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site 0.0 Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. 5 Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. 94.7 Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant 94.7 eatment (%) 94.7 Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 94.7 domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) 3.3E Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following 3.3E otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 2.00 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2.00	
f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite 70 Freat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 70 Freat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide 64.5 he required removal efficiency of >= (%) 64.5 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) 0.0 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%) 0.0 Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site 0.0 Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. 5 Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. 94.7 Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant 94.7 catment (%) 94.7 Gomestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) 94.7 Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 3.3E Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,00 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp 3.4E	
wastewater treatment required. 70 Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 70 Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide he required removal efficiency of >= (%) 64.5 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%) 0.0 Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site 0.0 Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. 5 Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. 94.7 Treatment (%) 94.7 Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 94.7 94.7 domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) 94.7 Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following 0.3.3E 3.3E Otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 2.00 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2.00	
Freat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide he required removal efficiency of >= (%) 64.5 f discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the re- quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%) 0.0 Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site 0.0 Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. 0.0 Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. 0.0 Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant 94.7 Estimated substance removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 94.7 Idomestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) 0 Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 3.3E Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,00 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	
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Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage 94.7 reatment (%) Fotal efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 94.7 domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,000 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	
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Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage 94.7 reatment (%) 94.7 Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 94.7 domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) 94.7 Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following 3.3E otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 2,00 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,00 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	
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idomestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) Assumed allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) 3.3E Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,00 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	7
otal wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,00 Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	7
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	8E+04
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disp	00
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local	posal
	and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local regulations.	l and/or regional

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	
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GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

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Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010373

300000010373	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Metal working fluids / rolling oils- ProfessionalHigh Environ- mental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.7c.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils including transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cut- ting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections (including brushing, dipping and spraying), equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils. Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils within closed or contained systems including incidental exposures during transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cut- ting/machining activities, automated application of corrosion protections, equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES			
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure			
Product Characteristics				
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation.			
Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,			
Frequency and Duration of	Use			
Covers daily exposures up to	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure			
Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.				
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures			
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance			
General exposures (closed systems)(closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.			
Bulk transfersDedicated facility	No other specific measures identified.			
Filling/ preparation of	No other specific measures identified.			

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equipment from drums or				
containers.Dedicated facili-				
ty				
Filling/ preparation of	Avoid carrying out activities involving ex	posure for more than		
equipment from drums or	1 hour.			
containers.Non-dedicated				
facility				
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.			
Metal machining operations	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5		
	to 15 air changes per hour).			
	Avoid carrying out activities involving ex	posure for more than		
	4 hours			
	Limit the substance content in the produ	ct to 25 %.		
Spraying	Avoid carrying out activities involving ex	posure for more than		
	1 hour.			
	Provide a good standard of general vent	liation (not less than		
	3 to 5 air changes per hour).			
	, or: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140	with Type $\Delta/P2$ filter		
	or better.			
ManualRolling, Brushing	No other specific measures identified.			
Treatment by dipping and	No other specific measures identified.			
pouring				
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment o	pening or mainte-		
maintenance	nance.			
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.			
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure			
Substance is complex UVCB				
Predominantly hydrophobic.				
Amounts Used				
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region.	0.1		
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/vear):	9.0E+02		
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1		
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		4.5E-01		
Maximum daily site tonnage		1.2E+00		
Frequency and Duration of				
Continuous release.				
Emission Days (days/year):		365		
	influenced by risk management			
Local freshwater dilution fact	10			
Local marine water dilution fa	actor:	100		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure				
Release fraction to air from p	Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 5.0E-03			
Release fraction to wastewat	er from process (initial release prior to	0.05		
RMM):	· ·			

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SECTION 3 EXPO	DSURE ESTIMATION	
regulations.		
External recovery and recycling of w		local and/or regiona
Conditions and measures related	to external recovery of waste	
regulations.		
External treatment and disposal of v		
Conditions and Measures related		
total wastewater treatment removal Assumed domestic sewage treatme		2,000
Maximum allowable site tonnage (M		8.1E+00
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%	6)	
Total efficiency of removal from was	stewater after onsite and offsite	94.7
treatment (%)	nacionaler na domostio somago	
Estimated substance removal from		94.7
Conditions and Measures related		lant
Sludge should be incinerated, conta		
Do not apply industrial sludge to nat		
Organisational measures to preve		
If discharging to domestic sewage to quired onsite wastewater removal e		0.0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to red the required removal efficiency of >=	= (%)	65.1
Treat air emission to provide a typic		0
wastewater treatment required.		
If discharging to domestic sewage to		
Risk from environmental exposure is	s driven by freshwater sediment.	
sions and releases to soil		larges, an enns
Technical onsite conditions and r	measures to reduce or limit disch	arges air emis-
Common practices vary across sites lease estimates used.	s thus conservative process re-	
Technical conditions and measur		event release

SECTION 3 EXPO Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

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Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010374

30000010374	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.10a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including ma- terial transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste.

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SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa	
	with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).	
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance	
Material transfers(closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)		
Drum/batch transfersDedi- cated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Dipping, immersion and pouring	No other specific measures identified.	
Mold forming	No other specific measures identified.	
Casting operations(open	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or	
systems)elevated tempera-	equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.	

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0			
Spray	ring	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted	enciosure.
		Wear a full face respirator conforming to	EN140 with Type
		filter or better.	
Manu	alRolling, Brushing	No other specific measures identified.	
Treatr pourir	ment by dipping and	No other specific measures identified.	
	ment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment o	pening or mainte-
	enance	nance.	porning of mainto
Stora	ge.	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section	on 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Subst	ance is complex UVCE	3.	
	minantly hydrophobic.		
	unts Used		-
	on of EU tonnage used		0.1
	nal use tonnage (tonn		3.7E+03
	on of Regional tonnage		1
	al site tonnage (tonnes		2.5E+03
	num daily site tonnage		2.5E+04
	ency and Duration o	f Use	
	nuous release.		
	sion Days (days/year):		100
		influenced by risk management	
	freshwater dilution fac		10
	marine water dilution f		100
	-	ons affecting Environmental Exposure	-
		process (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0
RMM)):	ter from process (initial release prior to	1.0E-07
		process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.0
		measures at process level (source) to p	revent release
	non practices vary acro estimates used.	oss sites thus conservative process re-	
	nical onsite condition and releases to soil	is and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
		oosure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
	ent discharge of undiss	olved substance to or recover from onsite	
If disc		ewage treatment plant, no onsite ed.	
		a typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
Treat		or to receiving water discharge) to provide	64.4
		wage treatment plant, provide the re-	0

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Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	Vant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	94.7
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	94.7
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1.4E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

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(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010378

300000010378	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.10b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including ma- terial transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste.

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SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures		
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance	
Material transfers(closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersDedi- cated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersNon- dedicated facility Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.		
Mixing operations (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Mold forming	No other specific measures identified.	
Casting operations(open systems)elevated tempera-	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions oc- cur.	

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ture			
SprayingMachine	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted	enclosure.	
opiayinginaoinino	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp 4 hours		
SprayingManual Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less th			
oprayinginanaan	3 to 5 air changes per hour).		
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	posure for more than	
	1 hour.		
	, or:		
	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140	with Type A filter or	
	better.		
ManualRolling, Brushing	No other specific measures identified.		
Manuali Colling, Drushing	No other specific measures identified.		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment or	pening or mainte-	
maintenance	nance.	-	
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.		
Conting 2.2	Control of Environmental Environment		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCE			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne		2.7E+03	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		1.3E+00	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 3.7E+00			
Frequency and Duration o	t Use		
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		365	
	influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution fac	10		
Local marine water dilution f		100	
	Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):		0.95	
Release fraction to wastewa	0.025		
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 0.025 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release			
		event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-			
lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emis-			
sions and releases to soil		arges, an enns-	
	oosure is driven by freshwater sediment.		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
	or to receiving water discharge) to provide	65.5	
the required removal efficier			
	ewage treatment plant, provide the re-	0	
quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)			
	to prevent/limit release from site		

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 Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

 Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

 Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

 Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)

 Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)
 94.7

 Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)
 2.4E+01

 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)
 2,000

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users

should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010379

30000010379	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in agrochemicals- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.11a.v1
Scope of process	Use as an agrochemical excipient for application by manual or machine spraying, smokes and fogging; including equip- ment clean-downs and disposal.

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SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of		
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance	
Transfer from/pouring from containersDedicated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Spraying/ fogging by man- ual applicationWear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.		
Spraying/ fogging by ma- chine application	Apply within a vented cab supplied with filtered air under posi- tive pressure and with a protection factor of >20.	
Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc.	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or mainte- nance.	

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Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.		
Section 2.2	Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB			
Predominantly hydrophobic.	-		
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne		7.5E+03	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1.5E+01	
Maximum daily site tonnage		4.1E+01	
Frequency and Duration of		4.12701	
Continuous release.	USE		
		265	
Emission Days (days/year):	influenced by rick menonement	365	
	influenced by risk management	10	
Local freshwater dilution fact		10	
Local marine water dilution fa		100	
	ons affecting Environmental Exposure		
	vide dispersive use (regional only):	0.9	
Release fraction to wastewat		0.01	
	wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.09	
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release	
	ss sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.			
Technical onsite condition	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
Technical onsite condition sions and releases to soil		arges, air emis-	
Technical onsite condition sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exp	osure is driven by freshwater sediment.		
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External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users

should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

SECTION 1 EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE Title Lubricants- Industrial Use Descriptor Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC7, PROC18 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 4.6a.v1 Scope of process Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of machin- ery/engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of wastes. SECTION 2 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES Section 2.1 Control of Worker Exposure Product Characteristics Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation. Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., Frequency and Duration of Use Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure OP Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure OP Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure OP Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless implemented. Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures General measures (Aspira	300000010388	·
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Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures General measures (Aspiration) Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance General exposures (closed systems) No other specific measures identified. General exposures (open systems) No other specific measures identified. Bulk transfersDedicated facility No other specific measures identified.		
General measures (Aspira- tion) Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance General exposures (closed systems) No other specific measures identified. General exposures (open systems) No other specific measures identified. Bulk transfersDedicated facility No other specific measures identified.		
General measures (Aspira- tion) Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance General exposures (closed systems) No other specific measures identified. General exposures (open systems) No other specific measures identified. Bulk transfersDedicated facility No other specific measures identified.	Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems) No other specific measures identified. General exposures (open systems) No other specific measures identified. Bulk transfersDedicated facility No other specific measures identified.	General measures (Aspira-	
systems) General exposures (open systems) Bulk transfersDedicated facility No other specific measures identified.	tion)	assistance
systems) General exposures (open systems) Bulk transfersDedicated facility No other specific measures identified.	General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.
systems) Bulk transfersDedicated No other specific measures identified. facility	systems)	
Bulk transfersDedicated No other specific measures identified.	General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.
facility	systems)	
		No other specific measures identified.
TIIIIIU/ DIEDAIAUON OI I NO OLIEL SDECIIIC MEASURES IGENTINEO.		No other apositio measures identified
	equipment from drums or	no other specific measures identified.
	containers.Non-dedicated	
	facility	
	Initial factory fill of equip-	No other specific measures identified.
	ment	
Operation and lubrication of Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions oc-	Operation and lubrication of	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions oc-

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No other specific measures identified.		
No other specific measures identified.		
No other specific measures identified.		
No other specific measures identified.		
Minimise exposure by partial enclosure o	f the operation or	
No other specific measures identified.		
No other specific measures identified.		
No other specific measures identified.		
Store substance within a closed system.		
Control of Environmental Exposure		
	0.1	
	3.1E+05	
	1 1.0E+02	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		
	5.0E+03	
lse		
	20	
	10	
Local marine water dilution factor:		
ocess (initial release prior to RMM):	5.0E-04	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):		
ocess (initial release prior to RMM):	0.001	
	event release	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and measures to reduce or limit discha	arges, air emis-	
	70	
	64.5	
∕ of >= (%)		
	0.0	
prevent/limit release from site		
	g/day): Jse fluenced by risk management :: :: :: :: :: : : : : : : : : : : :	

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Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94.7	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94.7	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	3.3E+04	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000	

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

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(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010389

30000010389	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants- ProfessionalLow Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC17, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	· · · ·
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
	with potential for aerosol generation.
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar.(closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersDedicated facility	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facili- ty	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than

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equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated	1 hour.		
facility Operation and lubrication of high energy open equip-	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure equipment and provide extract ventilation		
mentIndoor Operation and lubrication of high energy open equip- mentOutdoor	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours. Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %.		
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upDedicated facili- tyelevated temperature	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or mainte- nance. Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50oC) product is likely.		
Maintenance of small itemsNon-dedicated facili- tyelevated temperature	or maintenance.	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than	
Engine lubricant service	No other specific measures identified.		
ManualRolling, Brushing	No other specific measures identified.		
Spraying	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. , or: Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour. , or: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.		
Treatment by dipping and pouring	No other specific measures identified.		
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system	n.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne		1.1E+05	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		5.3E+01	
Maximum daily site tonnage		365	
Frequency and Duration of			
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		365	
	influenced by risk management		

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Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	0.01
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.01
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	0.01
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.01
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha- sions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of $>=$ (%)	76.1
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the re- quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	0.0
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment pl	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94.7
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94.7
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	6.5E+02
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	-
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

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SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010390

30000010390	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants- ProfessionalHigh Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC17, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.6c.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT	
Section 2.1	MEASURES Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa	
	with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	9 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). lard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar.(closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfersDedicated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facili- ty	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than	

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equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facility	1 hour.		
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equip- mentIndoor	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.		
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equip- mentOutdoor	Avoid carrying out operation for more that	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours. Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %.	
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upDedicated facili- tyelevated temperature	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or mainte- nance. Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50oC) product is likely.		
Maintenance of small itemsNon-dedicated facili- tyelevated temperature	or maintenance.	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than	
Engine lubricant service	No other specific measures identified.	No other specific measures identified.	
ManualRolling, Brushing	No other specific measures identified.	No other specific measures identified.	
Spraying	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. , or: Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour. , or: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.		
Treatment by dipping and pouring	No other specific measures identified.		
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Section 2.2 Substance is complex UVCE			
Substance is complex UVCB Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used	3. 		
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1	
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used Regional use tonnage (tonne	in region: es/year):	0.1 8.1E+04	
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used Regional use tonnage (tonne Fraction of Regional tonnage	in region: es/year): a used locally:	8.1E+04 1	
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used Regional use tonnage (tonne Fraction of Regional tonnage Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	in region: es/year): e used locally: /year):	8.1E+04 1 4.0E+01	
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used Regional use tonnage (tonnege Fraction of Regional tonnage Annual site tonnage (tonnese) Maximum daily site tonnage	in region: es/year): e used locally: /year): (kg/day):	8.1E+04 1	
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used Regional use tonnage (tonneg Fraction of Regional tonnage Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of	in region: es/year): e used locally: /year): (kg/day):	8.1E+04 1 4.0E+01	
Substance is complex UVCE Predominantly hydrophobic. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used Regional use tonnage (tonnege Fraction of Regional tonnage Annual site tonnage (tonnese) Maximum daily site tonnage	in region: es/year): e used locally: /year): (kg/day):	8.1E+04 1 4.0E+01	

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Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	5.0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	0.05
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.05
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	revent release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch sions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of $>=$ (%)	87.6
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the re- quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	0.0
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	plant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94.7
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94.7
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2.6E+02
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	or disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

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SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

300000010393	•	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Use in laboratories- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3	
	Process Categories: PROC10, PRO	0015
	Environmental Release Categories	
		,
Scope of process	Use of the substance within laborator	y settings, including
	material transfers and equipment clea	aning.
SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND	
	MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa	
	with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up t	o 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	Υ.
Frequency and Duration of		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
	evated temperature (> 20°C above amb ard of occupational hygiene is impleme	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira-	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek	c immediate medical
tion)	assistance	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
0 // 00		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	9
Substance is complex UVCB		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used	· ·	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1		
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 1.2E+03		
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 1		•
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 2.0E+00		
	Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 1.0E+02	
Frequency and Duration of	USe	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100

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Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.025
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.02
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.0001
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of $>=$ (%)	78.7
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the re- quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	0.0
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94.7
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	94.7
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	4.0E+02
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
	2,000
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	r disposal
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations. Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	r disposal

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE

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EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010400

30000010400		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Functional Fluids- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.13a.v1	
Scope of process	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in industrial equipment including maintenance and related material transfers.	

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SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
	evated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance	
Bulk transfers(closed sys- tems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersDedi- cated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling of arti- cles/equipment(closed sys- tems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)elevated tempera-	Restrict area of openings and provide extract ventilation to emission points when substance handled at elevated temper-	

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ture	atures	
Remanufacture of reject articles	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment op nance.	pening or mainte-
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCE	8.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	es/year):	1.2E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage	e used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1.0E+01
Maximum daily site tonnage		5.0E+02
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution fact		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ons affecting Environmental Exposure	1
Release fraction to air from p	5.0E-04	
Release fraction to wastewat RMM):	1.0E-06	
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	0.001
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	I	
sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
	osure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Treat air emission to provide	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of $>=$ (%)		64.4
If discharging to domestic se quired onsite wastewater ren	0.0	
Organisational measures t	o prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge	e to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated	d, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures	related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	al from wastewater via domestic sewage	94.7
Total efficiency of removal fre (domestic treatment plant) R	98.9	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following 3.3E+ total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		

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2,000

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker 300000010397

30000010397	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Functional Fluids- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.13b.v1
Scope of process	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in professional equipment including maintenance and related material transfers.

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SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa with potential for aerosol generation.	
Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance	
Bulk transfers(closed sys- tems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersDedi- cated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling of arti- cles/equipment(closed sys- tems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facility	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)elevated tempera-	Restrict area of openings and provide extract ventilation to emission points when substance handled at elevated temper-	

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ture	atures		
Remanufacture of reject articles	No other specific measures identified.		
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment op nance.	pening or mainte-	
Storage.	Store substance within a closed system.		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	1.2E+03	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		6.0E-01	
Maximum daily site tonnage (1.6E+00	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	•	
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		365	
	influenced by risk management	•	
Local freshwater dilution factor		10	
Local marine water dilution fa	100		
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	1	
Release fraction to air from p	0.05		
Release fraction to wastewate RMM):	0.025		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):0.025			
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release	
lease estimates used.	ss sites thus conservative process re-		
Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
	osure is driven by freshwater sediment.		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of $>=$ (%)		64.9	
If discharging to domestic sev quired onsite wastewater rem	0.0		
	o prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge			
Sludge should be incinerated	, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures r	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage 94.7 treatment (%)			
Total efficiency of removal fro (domestic treatment plant) RI	94.7		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following 1.1E+01 total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)			

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Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,000

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

30000010380			
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE		
Title	Use in agrochemicals - Consumer		
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC12, PC27 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.11b.v1		
Scope of process	Covers the consumer use in agrochemicals in liquid and solid forms.		
SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:0.1			
-9		2.0E+03	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:0.0005			
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 4.1E+00			
Maximum daily site tonnage	(kg/day):	1.1E+01	

Annual site tormage (tormes/year).	4.12+00
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1.1E+01
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	·
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.9
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	0.01
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.09
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	94.7
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	7.2E+01
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal

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External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Not applicable.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer 300000010391

SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in lubricants - Consumer Low Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC1, PC24, PC31 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6d.v1
Scope of process	Covers the consumer use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, application, operation of engines and similar articles, equipment mainte- nance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
General measures (Aspira-	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance		

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB.			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	1.1E+05	
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0.0005	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/)	/ear):	5.7E+01	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1.6E+02	
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		365	
Environmental factors not i			
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10	
Local marine water dilution factor:		100	
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from w	ide dispersive use (regional only):	0.01	
Release fraction to wastewate		0.01	
Release fraction to soil from w	wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.01	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant			
Estimated substance remova treatment (%)	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	94.7	
Maximum allowable site tonna total wastewater treatment re	age (MSafe) based on release following moval (kg/d)	6.9E+02	

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2,000

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION	3	
0	4	11

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Not applicable.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer 300000010392

30000010392	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in lubricants - Consumer High Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC1, PC24, PC31 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.6e.v1
Scope of process	Covers the consumer use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, application, operation of engines and similar articles, equipment mainte- nance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
General measures (Aspira- tion)	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance		

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	2.9E+04
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0.0005
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	/ear):	1.4E+01
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	3.9E+01
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor	pr:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from w	ide dispersive use (regional only):	5.0E-03
Release fraction to wastewate	er from wide dispersive use:	0.05
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):		0.05
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		
Estimated substance remova treatment (%)	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	94.7
Maximum allowable site tonna total wastewater treatment re	age (MSafe) based on release following moval (kg/d)	1.6E+02

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2,000

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION	3	
0	4	11

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Not applicable.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer 300000010401

300000010401				
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE			
Title	Functional Fluids - Consumer			
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21			
	Product Categories: PC16, PC17			
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b,			
	ESVOC SpERC 9.13c.v1			
Scope of process	Use of sealed items containing functional fluids e.g. transfer			
	oils, hydraulic fluids, refrigerants.			
	1			
SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES			
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure			
Product Characteristics				
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT			
_	MEASURES			
General measures (Aspira-	Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical			
tion)	assistance			

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Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure				
Substance is complex UVCB.				
Predominantly hydrophobic.				
Amounts Used				
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1		
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	1.2E+03		
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0.0005		
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y	6.0E-01			
Maximum daily site tonnage (1.6E+00			
Frequency and Duration of	Use			
Continuous release.				
Emission Days (days/year):	365			
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management			
Local freshwater dilution factor	10			
Local marine water dilution fa	ctor:	100		
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure			
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):		0.05		
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:		0.025		
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):		0.025		
Conditions and Measures re	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	plant		
Estimated substance remova treatment (%)	94.7			
Maximum allowable site tonna	1.1E+01			
total wastewater treatment re				
Assumed domestic sewage tr	2,000			
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal				

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External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Not applicable.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.