## Shell Alexia 40 XC

Version 1.3	Revision Date 20.01.2025	Print Date 21.01.2025
1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDE	NTIFICATION	
Product name	Shell Alexia 40 XC	
Product code	001J9466	
Manufacturar or suppliar's de	taile	
Manufacturer or supplier's de Supplier	<ul> <li>Shell Singapore Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>(196000089G)</li> <li>The Metropolis Tower 1,</li> <li>9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01</li> <li>Singapore 138588</li> <li>Singapore</li> </ul>	
Telephone	: (+65) 62632975	
Telefax	: (+65) 62632049	
Emergency telephone number	: +65 6263 2975	
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the please email lubricantSDS@shell.c	
Recommended use of the che	mical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	Engine oil.	
Restrictions on use	This product must not be used in applisted in Section 1 without first seeking supplier.	

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification	
Skin sensitisation	: Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:</li> </ul>

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	Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention:
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	<b>Response:</b> P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	<b>Storage:</b> No precautionary phrases.
	<b>Disposal:</b> P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
	Additional Information:
	P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).
	P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains calcium sulphonate.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

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 :
 \* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8, 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5.

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate**	Not Assigned	Skin Sens.1B; H317	1 - 3
Overbased sulphurised calcium phenate	68784-26-9	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	68855-45-8	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3
Alkylphenol	27193-86-8	Skin Corr.1C; H314 Eye Dam.1; H318 Repr.1B; H360 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.1 - 0.29
Alkaryl amine	68411-46-1	Repr.2; H361f	0.1 - 0.3

\*\* polymer exempt.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Skin sensitisation (allergic skin may include itching and/or a ras Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sy of black pustules and spots on Ingestion may result in nausea,	sh. mptoms may include formation the skin of exposed areas.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, er appropriate personal protective incident, injury and surrounding	equipment according to the
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Environmental precautions	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.</li> </ul>
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<ul> <li>Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.</li> </ul>

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	Soak up residue with an absorbent su suitable material and dispose of prope	
Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of personal see Section 8 of this Safety Data Shee For guidance on disposal of spilled ma this Safety Data Sheet.	et.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet assessment of local circumstances to appropriate controls for safe handling, this material.	as input to a risk help determine
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact v Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safe worn and proper handling equipments Properly dispose of any contaminated materials in order to prevent fires.	ety footwear should be should be
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: Proper grounding and bonding proced during all bulk transfer operations to a	
Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a place. Use properly labeled and closable cor	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or co steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ontainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible	Basis
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			concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	PEL (long term) (Mist)	5 mg/m3	SG OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	PEL (short term) (Mist)	10 mg/m3	SG OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	<ul> <li>The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.</li> <li>Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.</li> </ul>
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

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	Ensure appropriate selection, testing a equipment used to control exposure, e equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage p subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygien washing hands after handling the mate drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely w protective equipment to remove contai contaminated clothing and footwear th Practice good housekeeping.	e.g. personal protective break-in or pending disposal or e measures, such as erial and before eating, rash work clothing and minants. Discard
Personal protective equipment		

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	:	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.
Hand protection Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable glove soffering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	:	Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

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Skin and body protection	Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where risk of splashing, also wear an apron.	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure con	rols	
General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.</li> <li>Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.</li> </ul>	

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: <= -20 °C / <= -4 °F Method: ISO 3016
Melting / freezing point	Data not available
Boiling point	: Data not available
Flash point	: >= 210 °C / >= 410 °F Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	: Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: >5

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Density	: 915 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: DIN EN ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar p	roducts)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 18.5 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Particle characteristics Particle size	: Data not available	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	ION	
Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data the toxicology of similar products.U the data presented is representative whole, rather than for individual cor	nless indicated otherwise, e of the product as a
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact are the prima although exposure may occur follow	
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classif	ication criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, are not met.	the classification criteria
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classif	ication criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Product:

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Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).	
Ecotoxicity		
Product:		
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<u>Components:</u> Alkylphenol :		
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard) M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard)	: 10 : 10	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.	

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Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	<ul> <li>log Pow: &gt; 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)</li> </ul>	
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	<ul> <li>Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> </ul>	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletion potentia ozone creation potential or global warm is a mixture of non-volatile components released to air in any significant quantit conditions of use.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physic organisms.</li> <li>Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxic organisms at concentrations less than and</li> </ul>	hing potential., Product s, which will not be ties under normal al fouling of aquatic sity to aquatic

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

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	<ul> <li>MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.</li> <li>Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.</li> </ul>	
Contaminated packaging		
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance wi national, and local laws and regulation	
	All relevant environmental regulation complied with.	s in Singapore must be

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **International Regulations**

#### ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

## IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Local Regulations

Workplace Safety and Health Act & Workplace	This product is subject to the SDS, Labelling,
Safety and Health (General Provision)	PEL and other requirements in the Act/
Regulations	Regulations.

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Fire Safety Act and Fire Safety (Petroleur Flammable Materials) Regulations		This product is not in the Act/Regulatic	subject to the requirements		
Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore (Dangerous Goods, Petroleum and Explosive Regulations		This product is not in the Act/Regulation	subject to the requirements ons.		
Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations		This product is not Act/ Regulation.	subject to control under this		
The regulatory information this material.	is not intended to be o	comprehensive. Othe	r regulations may apply to		
Other international regulations					
Other international regula	ations				
Other international regula The components of this p		in the following inv	entories:		

Full text of H-Statements				
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.			
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
H318	Causes serious eye damage.			
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.			
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility. (Causing atrophy of the testes)			
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.			
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard			
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard			
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage			
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity			

Skin corrosion

Skin sensitisation

## Abbreviations and Acronyms

Skin Corr.

Skin Sens.

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized

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System; GLP - Go	ood Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Ager	ncy for Research on Cancer;
IATA - Internationa	al Air Transport Association; IBC - International Co	ode for the Construction and
Equipment of Shi	ips carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50	0 - Half maximal inhibitory
concentration; ICA	AO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IEC	CSC - Inventory of Existing
	nces in China; IMDG - International Maritime	
	time Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and	
	nisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing	
	on to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose	
	ose); MARPOL - International Convention for the	
	Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)E	
	on; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Lev	
	te; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National T	
	entory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for I	•
	PTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Pl	
	nd Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory	
	AR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship	
	the European Parliament and of the Council c	<b>e</b>
	isation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-	
	S - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical S Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemical	
•	rol Act (United States); UN - United Nations;	
	s on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB	
	WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information	
Disacculturative, v		on oystem
Example on information		

#### **Further information**

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SG / EN